Dear Business Owners.

As you are aware the Forsyth County Board of Commissioners have voted to adopt the COVID-19 Pandemic Resolution on Thursday, March 19th. The Board of Commissioners are making every effort to assist all businesses that are directly impacted by this state of emergency. Understandably, businesses have voiced numerous questions and concerns on how they may conduct business and additional guidelines regarding the safety of staff and customers. As you are aware changes are happening rapidly across the state. We at Forsyth County are here to get out the most current information regarding the changes that may affect our business community.

The Board of Commissioners has temporarily authorized restaurants with on-premise consumption alcohol licenses to sell "to go" bottles of wine or malt beverages, without securing a package license. The malt beverage or wine must be in a sealed, original container. This authority will terminate upon the expiration of the Board's emergency Resolution. As of today, and barring extension, that Resolution will expire May 18, 2020.

On March 23, Governor Kemp entered an Executive Order that closed "bars," as defined in the Georgia Code at O.C.G.A. 3-1-2(2.1). This should have very limited applicability in Forsyth County, as the County does not have 'bars' in the traditional sense.

That same Executive Order from Governor Kemp prohibited any business or establishment from allowing more than ten persons to be gathered at a single location if any such gathering requires persons to stand or be seated closer than 6 feet apart.

Governor Kemp's Executive Order was consistent with a Declaration by the Forsyth County Chair, Laura Semanson issued March 20, 2020, requesting in "urgent terms" that all persons and entities <u>avoid</u> holding, sponsoring, or attending non-mandatory assembles or gatherings of 10 or more individuals.

Both Governor Kemp and Chair Semanson's declarations are in line with guidance the County has received from the Center for Disease Control (CDC). The attached guidelines from the CDC recommend avoiding gathering in groups of more than 10 people. Additional information on social guidelines for businesses may be found here: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/guidance-business-response.html.

Our community restaurants as well as essential business are directly impacted by this pandemic. We understand that businesses are doing what they can to offer services that will protect their staff and the public, while remaining operational. Forsyth County is making every attempt to quickly and accurately answer these questions regarding applicable regulations and constraints on operations. For additional State guidance regarding alcohol sales, please see the FAQ sheet provided by the Georgia Department of Revenue.

As always, please visit the Forsyth County webpage https://www.forsythco.com/COVID-19 for the most current updates.

Best regards,

Amy Konrath | Business License Manager

THE PRESIDENT'S CORONAVIRUS GUIDELINES FOR AMERICA

15 DAYS TO SLOW THE SPREAD

Listen to and follow the directions of your STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

IF YOU FEEL SICK, stay home. Do not go to work. Contact your medical provider.

IF YOUR CHILDREN ARE SICK, keep them at home. Do not send them to school. Contact your medical provider.

IF SOMEONE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD HAS TESTED POSITIVE for the coronavirus, keep the entire household at home. Do not go to work. Do not go to school. Contact your medical provider.

IF YOU ARE AN OLDER PERSON, stay home and away from other people.

IF YOU ARE A PERSON WITH A SERIOUS UNDERLYING HEALTH CONDITION that can put you at increased risk (for example, a condition that impairs your lung or heart function or weakens your immune system), stay home and away from other people.



THE PRESIDENT'S CORONAVIRUS GUIDELINES FOR AMERICA

DO YOUR PART TO SLOW THE SPREAD OF THE CORONAVIRUS

Even if you are young, or otherwise healthy, you are at risk and your activities can increase the risk for others. It is critical that you do your part to slow the spread of the coronavirus.

Work or engage in schooling **FROM HOME** whenever possible.

IF YOU WORK IN A CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INDUSTRY.

as defined by the Department of Homeland Security, such as healthcare services and pharmaceutical and food supply, you have a special responsibility to maintain your normal work schedule. You and your employers should follow CDC guidance to protect your health at work.

AVOID SOCIAL GATHERINGS in groups of more than 10 people.

Avoid eating or drinking at bars, restaurants, and food courts — **USE DRIVE-THRU, PICKUP, OR DELIVERY OPTIONS.**

AVOID DISCRETIONARY TRAVEL, shopping trips, and social visits.

DO NOT VISIT nursing homes or retirement or long-term care facilities unless to provide critical assistance.

PRACTICE GOOD HYGIENE:

- Wash your hands, especially after touching any frequently used item or surface.
- · Avoid touching your face.
- Sneeze or cough into a tissue, or the inside of your elbow.
- Disinfect frequently used items and surfaces as much as possible

CORONAVIRUS.GOV

School operations can accelerate the spread of the coronavirus. Governors of states with evidence of community transmission should close schools in affected and surrounding areas. Governors should close schools in communities that are near areas of community transmission, even if those areas are in neighboring states. In addition, state and local officials should close schools where coronavirus has been identified in the population associated with the school, States and localities that close schools need to address childcare needs of critical responders, as well as the nutritional needs of children.

Older people are particularly at risk from the coronavirus, All states should follow Federal guidance and halt social visits to nursing homes and retirement and long-term care facilities.

In states with evidence of community transmission, bars, restaurants, food courts, gyrns, and other indoor and outdoor venues where groups of people congregate should be closed.

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) and you

What is coronavirus disease 2019?

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a respiratory illness that can spread from person to person. The virus that causes COVID-19 is a novel coronavirus that was first identified during an investigation into an outbreak in Wuhan, China.

Can I get COVID-19?

Yes. COVID-19 is spreading from person to person in parts of the world. Risk of infection from the virus that causes COVID-19 is higher for people who are close contacts of someone known to have COVID-19, for example healthcare workers, or household members. Other people at higher risk for infection are those who live in or have recently been in an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19.

Learn more about places with ongoing spread at html#geographic.

The current list of global locations with cases of COVID-19 is available on CDC's web page at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/locations-confirmed-cases.html.

How does COVID-19 spread?

The virus that causes COVID-19 probably emerged from an animal source, but is now spreading from person to person. The virus is thought to spread mainly between people who are in close contact with one another (within about 6 feet) through respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes. It also may be possible that a person can get COVID-19 by touching a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touching their own mouth, nose, or possibly their eyes, but this is not thought to be the main way the virus spreads. Learn what is known about the spread of newly emerged coronaviruses at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/about/transmission.html.

What are the symptoms of COVID-19?

Patients with COVID-19 have had mild to severe respiratory illness with symptoms of:

- fever
- · cough
- · shortness of breath



What are severe complications from this virus?

Some patients have pneumonia in both lungs, multi-organ failure and in some cases death.

People can help protect themselves from respiratory illness with everyday preventive actions.

- · Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol if soap and water are not available.

If you are sick, to keep from spreading respiratory illness to others, you should

- · Stay home when you are sick.
- Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces.

What should I do if I recently traveled from an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19?

If you have traveled from an affected area, there may be restrictions on your movements for up to 2 weeks. If you develop symptoms during that period (fever, cough, trouble breathing), seek medical advice. Call the office of your health care provider before you go, and tell them about your travel and your symptoms. They will give you instructions on how to get care without exposing other people to your illness. While sick, avoid contact with people, don't go out and delay any travel to reduce the possibility of spreading illness to others.

Is there a vaccine?

There is currently no vaccine to protect against COVID-19. The best way to prevent infection is to take everyday preventive actions, like avoiding close contact with people who are sick and washing your hands often.

Is there a treatment?

There is no specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19. People with COVID-19 can seek medical care to help relieve symptoms.

For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19